

Hospital Pharmacy

Definition

Community pharmacy

Community pharmacy means any place under the direct supervision of a pharmacist where the practice of pharmacy occurs or where prescription orders are compounded and dispensed other than a hospital pharmacy or a limited service pharmacy.

Hospital pharmacy

Hospital pharmacy is the organization or department of the hospital to manage the procurement, storage, preservation, packaging, sterilization, compounding, preparation, dispensing or distribution of medicine in the hospital.

HOSPITAL



Full electronic patient file

- Access for: hospital physicians, hospital pharmacists, hospital nurses
- Contains:
 - Diagnoses
 - Laboratory results
 - Nurse actions
 - Notes between caregivers

Electronic prescription file

- Access for: hospital physicians, hospital pharmacists, hospital nurses
- Contains:
 - Medication prescribed in hospital

COMMUNITY PHARMACY



Full dispensing record

- Access for: all community pharmacists*
- Contains:
 - Prescribed medication
 - Over-the-counter medication

GENERAL PRACTITIONER (GP)

Personal medical record

- Access for: Treating physician
- Contains:
 - Diagnoses
 - Medication prescribed by GP
 - Laboratory data

COLLABORATIVE CARE PLATFORM

Shared medical record*

- Access for: hospitals, psychiatric institutions, laboratories, some home care nurses organizations
- Contains:
 - Medication scheme
 - Laboratory data

× “traditional” vs. “clinical pharmacy”

Traditional pharmacy services	Clinical pharmacy services
Synthesis and chemistry of medication	Individualized medication monitoring and evaluation
Preparation of drugs	Patient-centered care
Dispensing medication services	Integrated healthcare team in which the pharmacist is directly involved in patient care
PRODUCT focus	PATIENT focus

Table 20-1. Uniqueness of Pharmaceutical Care

Characteristic	Traditional Pharmacy	Clinical Pharmacy	Pharmaceutical Care
Primary focus	Prescription order or OTC request	Physicians or other health professionals	Patient
Continuity Strategy	On demand Obey	Discontinuous Find fault or prevention	Continuous Anticipate or improve
Orientation	Drug product	Process	Outcomes

OTC, over the counter.

III. UNIQUENESS OF PHARMACEUTICAL CARE. Provision of pharmaceutical care overlaps somewhat with other aspects of pharmacy practice (Table 20-1). However, pharmaceutical care is not the same as these other areas, which include

A. Clinical pharmacy

B. Patient counseling