Exercises

- **4.33** Use Definition 4.3 on page 120 to find the variance of the random variable X of Exercise 4.7 on page 117.
- **4.34** Let X be a random variable with the following probability distribution:

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc} x & -2 & 3 & 5 \\ \hline f(x) & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.5 \end{array}$$

Find the standard deviation of X.

4.35 The random variable X, representing the number of errors per 100 lines of software code, has the following probability distribution:

Using Theorem 4.2 on page 121, find the variance of X.

- **4.36** Suppose that the probabilities are 0.4, 0.3, 0.2, and 0.1, respectively, that 0, 1, 2, or 3 power failures will strike a certain subdivision in any given year. Find the mean and variance of the random variable X representing the number of power failures striking this subdivision.
- **4.37** A dealer's profit, in units of \$5000, on a new automobile is a random variable X having the density function given in Exercise 4.12 on page 117. Find the variance of X.
- **4.38** The proportion of people who respond to a certain mail-order solicitation is a random variable X having the density function given in Exercise 4.14 on page 117. Find the variance of X.
- **4.39** The total number of hours, in units of 100 hours, that a family runs a vacuum cleaner over a period of one year is a random variable X having the density function given in Exercise 4.13 on page 117. Find the variance of X.
- **4.40** Referring to Exercise 4.14 on page 117, find $\sigma^2_{g(X)}$ for the function $g(X)=3X^2+4$.
- **4.41** Find the standard deviation of the random variable $g(X) = (2X + 1)^2$ in Exercise 4.17 on page 118.
- **4.42** Using the results of Exercise 4.21 on page 118, find the variance of $g(X) = X^2$, where X is a random variable having the density function given in Exercise 4.12 on page 117.
- **4.43** The length of time, in minutes, for an airplane to obtain clearance for takeoff at a certain airport is a

random variable Y = 3X - 2, where X has the density function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4}e^{-x/4}, & x > 0\\ 0, & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

Find the mean and variance of the random variable Y.

- **4.44** Find the covariance of the random variables X and Y of Exercise 3.39 on page 105.
- **4.45** Find the covariance of the random variables X and Y of Exercise 3.49 on page 106.
- **4.46** Find the covariance of the random variables X and Y of Exercise 3.44 on page 105.
- **4.47** For the random variables X and Y whose joint density function is given in Exercise 3.40 on page 105, find the covariance.
- **4.48** Given a random variable X, with standard deviation σ_X , and a random variable Y = a + bX, show that if b < 0, the correlation coefficient $\rho_{XY} = -1$, and if b > 0, $\rho_{XY} = 1$.
- **4.49** Consider the situation in Exercise 4.32 on page 119. The distribution of the number of imperfections per 10 meters of synthetic failure is given by

Find the variance and standard deviation of the number of imperfections.

4.50 For a laboratory assignment, if the equipment is working, the density function of the observed outcome X is

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2(1-x), & 0 < x < 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Find the variance and standard deviation of X.

- **4.51** For the random variables X and Y in Exercise 3.39 on page 105, determine the correlation coefficient between X and Y.
- **4.52** Random variables X and Y follow a joint distribution

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} 2, & 0 < x \le y < 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Determine the correlation coefficient between X and Y.