CARAMEL

Defination

 Caramel is beige to dark brown confectionery product made by heating of variety of sugars

USES

- Desserts
- Pudding
- Ice cream
- Custard
- Filling of candies



UNDERSTANDING SUGARS



Caramel colors at different Temperatures



Mthods of Preparation

Dry Method

- Heating of sugar until it liquefies and turned to caramel color
- Uneven color
- Quick Method

Wet Method

- Moisting the sugar with little amount of water and heating is done until it turns into caramel color
- Uniform color
- It takes longer time

Milk Caramel

" soft, dense and chewy candy made by boiling the mixture of sugar, milk/cream, butter and vanilla.







Ingredients

1.Sugar :

- Give sweetness
- Contribute to texture and Color

2.Milk/ Cream

- Sweetened condensed milk impart the sweetness
- Increase total solids
- Help to give the colour

3. Butter

• To give the superior taste

4. Vanilla

• For flavor

5.Water

• Facilitate the cooking

Preparation method of caramel candy

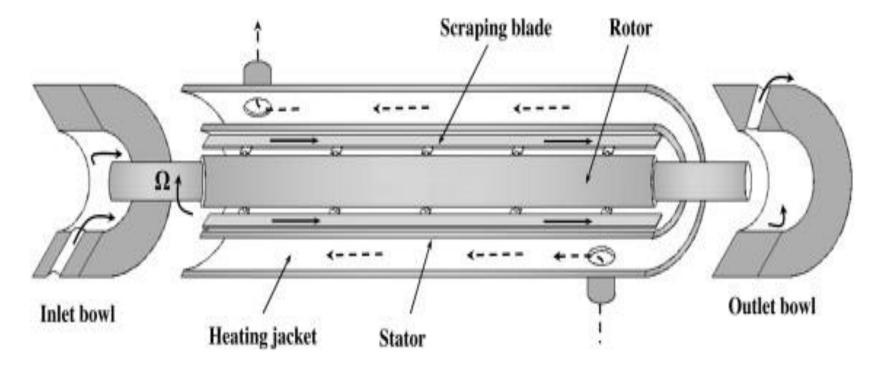
- Selection of ingredients
- Weighing
- Mixing
- Heating (120-170 °C)
- Evaporation (scrape surface heat exchanger)
- Cooling (50 °C)
- Sheeting or rope formation
- Sizing
- Cutting
- Wrapping
- Storage

Sheeting or rope formation



Scrap Surface heat Exchanger

---→ Heating or cooling fluid



Milk Caramel Candy

- Selection of ingredients
- Weighing
- Mixing
- Heating (firm ball stage , 245-250 °F)
- Cooling (50 °C)
- Sheeting or rope formation
- Sizing
- Cutting
- Wrapping
- Storage

		4. The shape indicates the candy's temperature	
		Shape	Temp
		Thread	223-235 F
	riodically drop in mall spoonful of candy 3. Try to form the sugar into a ball	Soft ball	235-245 F
		Firm ball	245-250 F
		Hard ball	250-266 F
		Soft crack	270-290 F
		Hard crack	300-310 F
		Caramel	320-350 F

Find Candy Temperature Without a Thermometer from from from the spruce