## **EXPERIMENT NO.2**

**OBJECTIVE:** Gear cutting on milling machine (Spur Gear).

**APPARATUS**: Steel rule, Milling cutter, Spanner, Mandrel, Dog carrier

**THEORY**: Milling is the machining process of using rotary cutters to remove material from a work piece advancing (or feeding) in a direction at an angle with the axis of the tool. It covers a wide variety of different operations and machines, on scales from small individual parts to large, heavy-duty gang milling operations. It is one of the most commonly used processes in industry and machine shops today for machining parts to precise sizes and shapes.

## **Main Components of milling machine:**

Base, column, knee, saddle, table

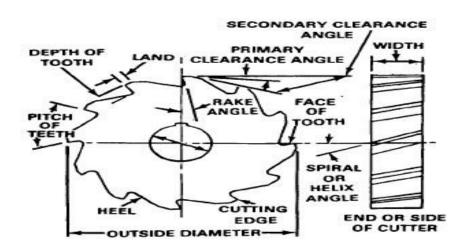
#### **Type of milling machine:**

Plain milling machine, vertical milling machine, universal milling machine, simplex milling machine, triplex milling machine

# **Type of Milling Cutter:**

Plain milling cutter, slide milling cutter, arbor cutters, shank cutters, face cutters.

## **PROCEDURE:**



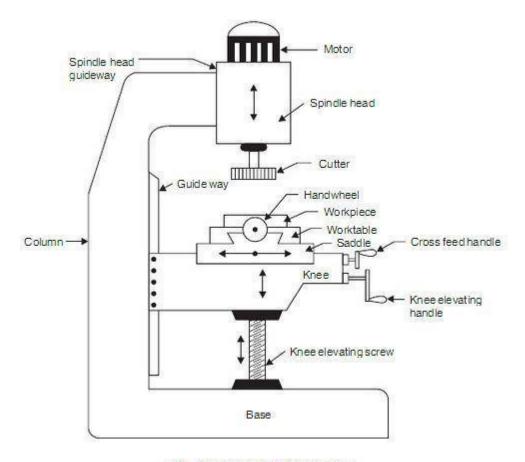


Fig. 4.10 Vertical milling machine

- 1. The raw blank is selected with reference to the number of teeth to be cut.
- 2. Indexing number is calculated to the position of the blank.
- 3. Gear blank is mounted on mandrel in milling machine.
- 4. Centering of the blank is done by upward and cross feed.
- 5. The depth of the cut is calculated for the given module.

**Result:** Thus the gear cutting is performed in a milling machine.