

Date: _____

OUTLINE

NOUN

VERB

ADVERB

PARTS OF
SPEECH

ADJECTIVE

PRONOUN

INTERJECTION

CONJUNCTION

PREPOSITION

Date: _____

PARTS OF SPEECH

Parts of speech are
the fundamental building
blocks of traditional
grammars.

Date: _____

NOUN

INTRODUCTION

The word "noun" came from the Latin "nomen" that means the name.

Date:

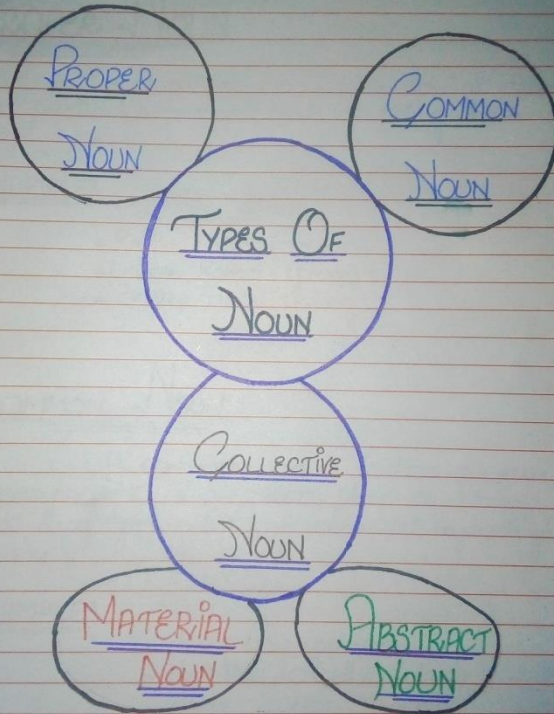
DEFINITION

"A noun is a naming word. It can be the name of a person, place or thing."

EXAMPLES OF NOUN

- Women
- Pen
- Pencil
- Hotel

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PROPER NOUN

A proper noun is a special name of a particular person, place or thing. It is capitalized.

EXAMPLES

- Rahila, Faiza (person)
- Lahore, Karachi (place)
- Book, Table (thing)

COMMON NOUN

A common noun is the general, ordinary name of a person, place or thing. It is not capitalized unless it comes at the beginning of a sentence.

EXAMPLES

- Girl, boy (person)
- Hospital, country (place)
- Water, Butter (thing)

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COLLECTIVE NOUN

A collective noun is the name of a group or collection of similar persons.

EXAMPLES

- Group of dancers
- Herd of cattle
- Flock of birds

ABSTRACT NOUN

An abstract noun is the name of quality that persons or things have, action they take or state they find themselves in.

EXAMPLES

- Darkness
- Kindness
- Brightness
- Bravery

Date: _____

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN CONCRETE AND ABSTRACT NOUN

CONCRETE NOUN

- Concrete noun is a noun that names a thing which is **tangible**.
- It can be seen, touched, heard, smelt or tasted.
- It has **physical existence**.
- Concrete nouns are either **common** or **proper noun**.

EXAMPLES

- I saw three lemons.
- I am reading book.

ABSTRACT NOUN

- Abstract noun is a noun that names **an idea, a condition** or a **feeling**.
- It cannot be seen, touched, heard, smelt or tasted.
- It has **no physical existence**.
- Abstract nouns refer to **ideas** or **concepts**.

EXAMPLES

- Always speak the truth.
- My friend is very co-operative.

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THE NOUN NUMBER

COUNTABLE NOUNS

Countable nouns are things we can count. A countable noun can be singular (banana) or plural (bananas). We can put an 's' on a countable noun.

EXAMPLES

Singular	Plural
Apple	Apples
Grape	Grapes

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UNCOUNTABLE NOUNS

Uncountable nouns are things we can't count. An uncountable noun has only one form. We can't put an 's' on an uncountable noun.

EXAMPLES

- Water
- Milk
- Salad dressing

OR

I eat rice everyday.
Rice is an uncountable noun.