**GLOBAL ISSUES HEADINGS**

**Latest News Headlines**

* [Freedom of the Press as a Guarantee for Human Dignity and Well-Being](https://www.globalissues.org/news/2020/05/01/26365)
* [Journalism is Not a Crime…and Fake News on Social Media is Not Journalism](https://www.globalissues.org/news/2020/05/01/26364)
* [Across the World, Construction Workers are Caught Between Coronavirus Risk and Joblessness](https://www.globalissues.org/news/2020/04/30/26363)
* [Africa's Youth Scholars Harvest Ideas on the Business of Agriculture](https://www.globalissues.org/news/2020/04/30/26362)
* [The COVID-19 Pandemic and the Reinvention of the Spirit of Solidarity and Cooperation](https://www.globalissues.org/news/2020/04/30/26360)
* [Public Health and Epidemics](https://www.globalissues.org/news/2020/04/30/26361)
* [Only Sustainable Investment & Global Cooperation Can Counter COVID’s Blow to SDGs](https://www.globalissues.org/news/2020/04/30/26359)
* [How South Africa can Address Digital Inequalities in E-learning](https://www.globalissues.org/news/2020/04/30/26358)
* [Press Freedom Needs Protection from Pandemic too](https://www.globalissues.org/news/2020/04/30/26356)
* [Amid Covid-19 Hunger Fear Mounts in Bangladesh](https://www.globalissues.org/news/2020/04/29/26354)

**News Topics**

* [Environmental Issues](https://www.globalissues.org/news/topic/168)
* [Geopolitics](https://www.globalissues.org/news/topic/65)
* [Health Issues](https://www.globalissues.org/news/topic/587)
* [Human Rights Issues](https://www.globalissues.org/news/topic/137)
* [Trade, Economy, & Related Issues](https://www.globalissues.org/news/topic/1)
* [More topics…](https://www.globalissues.org/news/topic)

**In Depth Issues and Articles**

* [Aid](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/786/aid) (6)
* [Arms Control](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/66/arms-control) (7)
* [Arms Trade](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/73/arms-trade-a-major-cause-of-suffering) (10)
* [Biodiversity](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/169/biodiversity) (9)
* [Causes of Poverty](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/2/causes-of-poverty) (14)
* [Climate Change and Global Warming](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/178/climate-change-and-global-warming) (32)
* [Conflicts in Africa](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/83/conflicts-in-africa) (14)
* [Consumption & Consumerism](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/235/consumption-and-consumerism) (14)
* [Corporations](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/50/corporations) (13)
* [Economics, Trade](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/1/trade-economy-related-issues) (67)
* [Environmental Issues](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/168/environmental-issues) (50)
* [Fair Trade](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/61/fair-trade) (5)
* [Food Dumping [Aid]](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/9/food-dumping-aid-maintains-poverty) (3)
* [Food and Agriculture](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/749/food-and-agriculture-issues) (26)
* [Free Trade](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/38/free-trade-and-globalization) (14)
* [G8: Too Much Power?](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/718/g8-too-much-power) (4)
* [GM Food](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/188/genetically-engineered-food) (10)
* [Geopolitics](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/65/geopolitics) (45)
* [Health Issues](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/587/health-issues) (15)
* [Human Population](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/198/human-population) (7)
* [Human Rights Issues](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/137/human-rights-issues) (11)
* [International Criminal Court](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/102/international-criminal-court) (6)
* [Iraq Crisis](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/104/iraq-crisis) (3)
* [Links and resources](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/763/links-and-resources) (20)
* [Mainstream Media](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/156/mainstream-media) (9)
* [Middle East](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/103/middle-east) (19)
* [Natural Disasters](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/522/natural-disasters) (6)
* [Nuclear Weapons](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/67/nuclear-weapons) (5)
* [Palestine/Israel](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/111/palestine-and-israel) (6)
* [Projecting Power](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/124/projecting-power) (8)
* [Sustainable Development](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/367/sustainable-development) (13)
* [Third World Debt](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/28/third-world-debt-undermines-development) (11)
* [War on Terror](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/245/war-on-terror) (13)
* [World Hunger & Poverty](https://www.globalissues.org/issue/6/world-hunger-and-poverty) (4)

We have the resources and ideas to address them, and […] there is more agreement about how to build a better future than is evident in the media, yet decision-making and institutional capacity — so far — is insufficient to make the decisions fast enough and on the scale large enough to build a better future.

These challenges are transnational in nature and transinstitutional in solution. They cannot be addressed by any government or institution acting alone. They require collaborative action among governments, international organizations, corporations, universities, NGOs, and creative individuals.

Humanity, the built environment, and ubiquitous computing are becoming a continuum of consciousness and technology reflecting the full range of human behavior, from individual philanthropy to organized crime. New forms of civilization will emerge from this convergence of minds, information, and technology worldwide.

Ethical market economies require improved fair trade, increased economic freedom, a “level playing field” guaranteed by an honest judicial system with adherence to the rule of law, and by governments that provide political stability and business incentives.

Collective responsibility for global ethics in decision-making is embryonic but growing. Corporate social responsibility programs, ethical marketing, and social investing are increasing. New technologies make it easier for more people to do more good at a faster pace than ever before.

Economic growth and technological innovation have led to better health and living conditions than ever before for more than half the people in the world, but unless our financial, economic, environmental, and social behaviors are improved along with our industrial technologies, the long-term future is in jeopardy.

##### Pakistan the political economy of lawlessness / Azhar Hassan Nadeem

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Bib ID** | 2113992 |
| **Format** | BookBook |
| **Author** | |  |  | | --- | --- | | [Nadim, Sayyid Azhar Hasan](https://catalogue.nla.gov.au/Search/Home?lookfor=author:%22Nadim%2C%20Sayyid%20Azhar%20Hasan%22&iknowwhatimean=1) | https://covers.openlibrary.org/a/olid/OL570049A-S.jpg | |
| **Description** | Karachi : Oxford University Press, 2002  xiii, 375 p. : ill. ; 22 cm. |
| **ISBN** | 0195796217 |
| **Summary** | "In the past few decades, Pakistan's economy has been beset by lawlessness, widespread corruption, financial mismanagement and political chaos. In this book the author undertakes to assess, for the first time, the effect of these abuses on the economic performance of the country. He does so by presenting a quantitative measurement of the impact of lawlessness on Pakistan's economic development with special reference to the years 1969-96, though other critical periods have also been touched upon. As an economist and criminologist, turned police officer, Mr. Nadeem has first-hand knowledge of problems relating to lawlessness, and is also well-acquainted with the strategies of economic development adopted in Pakistan from time to time. He has, therefore, been able to produce a book with an interdisciplinary appeal, useful for policy-makers, economic planners, administrators, police officers, researchers, students, and the general reader."--BOOK JACKET. |
| **Full contents** | * 1. Issues in Lawlessness and Development * 2. Socio-economic Developments and Crimes * 3. A Review of Socio-economic Situation in Pakistan * 4. Nature of Violent Crime * 5. Historical Overview of Law and Order in Pakistan * 6. Patterns of Lawlessness in Pakistan * 7. Magnitude of Lawlessness * 8. Impact of Lawlessness on the Economy as a Whole * 9. Impact of Lawlessness on Selected Micro-economic Sectors * 10. Cost-effective Indigenous Community Policing Model   [more...](javascript:list_expand%20('fed6d6dc75e380929f7a4e8be7948eec');) |
| **Notes** | Includes bibliographical references (p. [359]-367) and index. |
| **Subjects** | [Crime -- Political aspects -- Pakistan.](https://catalogue.nla.gov.au/Search/Home?lookfor=subject:%22Crime%20--%20Political%20aspects%20--%20Pakistan.%22&iknowwhatimean=1)  |  [Crime -- Economic aspects -- Pakistan.](https://catalogue.nla.gov.au/Search/Home?lookfor=subject:%22Crime%20--%20Economic%20aspects%20--%20Pakistan.%22&iknowwhatimean=1)  |  [Economic development -- Pakistan.](https://catalogue.nla.gov.au/Search/Home?lookfor=subject:%22Economic%20development%20--%20Pakistan.%22&iknowwhatimean=1)  |  [Pakistan -- Economic conditions.](https://catalogue.nla.gov.au/Search/Home?lookfor=subject:%22Pakistan%20--%20Economic%20conditions.%22&iknowwhatimean=1) |

Cover for 

Pakistan: The Political Economy of Lawlessness






