

Feedback/Learning: Make corrections as needed

Environmental Scanning

Industry Analysis:
Analyzing the Task
Environment

Competitive Intelligence

Forecasting

The Strategic Audit

Synthesis of External Factors

- External
 Environmental
 Variables
 - a. Natural
 - b.Societal (STEEP ANALYSIS)
 - c. Task
- 2. External Strategic Factors

- Porter's Approach to Industry Analysis
- 2. Industry Evolution
- 3. Categorizing
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- 4. International Risk
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- 5. Strategic Groups
- 6. Strategic types
- 7. Hypercompetition
- Using Key FactorsTo Create anIndustry Matrix

- Source of
 Competitive
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- 2. MonitoringCompetitors forStrategic Planning
- Danger of Assumptions
- Useful Forecasting Techniques

Identify External Factors

(Opportunitiies and

Threats) by using a Checklist

EFAS –

External Factors

Environmental Scanning is an overarching term encompassing the monitoring evaluation and dissemination of information relevant to the organizational development strategy



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External Environmental Variables

1. Natural Environment

includes physical resources, wildlife, and climate that are an inherent part of existence on Earth

2. Societal Environment

mankind's social system that includes general forces that do not directly touch on the short-run activities of the organization that can, and often do, influence its long-run decisions

3. Task Environment

includes those elements or groups that directly affect a corporation and, in turn, are affected by it.

Scanning Natural Environment

Exploit not Conserve?

Government regulation force business corporations to deal with the side effects of their activities

Concept of sustainability

The concept of sustainability argues that a **firm's ability** to continuously renew itself **for long-term success and survival is dependent** not only upon the greater economic and social system of which it is a part, but also upon the **natural ecosystem** in which the firm is embedded



Scanning Societal Environment (STEEP Analysis)

 STEEP = Sociocultural, Technological, Economic, Ecological and Political-legal (it may also be called PESTEL Analysis)

Economic	Technological	Political-Legal	Sociocultural
GDP trends Interest rates Money supply Inflation rates Unemployment levels Wage/price controls Devaluation/revaluation Energy alternatives Energy availability and cost Disposable and discretionary income Currency markets Global financial system	Total government spending for R&D Total industry spending for R&D Focus of technological efforts Patent protection New products New developments in technology transfer from lab to marketplace Productivity improvements through automation Internet availability Telecommunication infrastructure Computer hacking activity	Antitrust regulations Environmental protection laws Global warming legislation Immigration laws Tax laws Special incentives Foreign trade regulations Attitudes toward foreign companies Laws on hiring and promotion Stability of government Outsourcing regulation Foreign "sweat shops"	Lifestyle changes Career expectations Consumer activism Rate of family formation Growth rate of population Age distribution of population Regional shifts in population Life expectancies Birthrates Pension plans Health care Level of education Living wage Unionization

Generasi	Usia	Jumlah (000)	Persentase
Baby Boomers	61-64	12,347.7	6.38%
Generasi X	50-59	32,703.50	16.90%
Generasi Y	30-49	81,056.90	41.89%
Generasi Z	15-29	67,376.30	34.82%

Tabel 4. Perbandingan proporsi antar generasi tahun 2025

Scanning Task Environment

Corporate function give feedback as an input to top management to use in strategic decision making

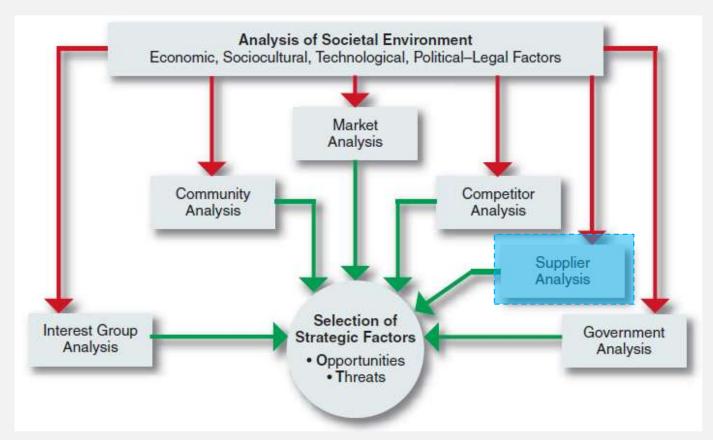
Eg : *P&G*

- Brand management , sales and market research department write "competitive activity report" on each product in which P&G competes
- Purchasing write similar report regarding new developments in the industries that supply P&G

These and other reports are used as an input to Top Management to formulate strategic decision making.

Case Study I: Scanning External Environment

Task Environment - Supplier Analysis





Orica Mining Services adalah penyedia bahan peledak dan sistem peledakan komersil terbesar di pasar tambang dan infrastruktur.

Supply Chain global Orica terhubung ke customer lebih dari 130 negara yang tentunya memerlukan **mitra supplier yang strategis** untuk menjamin



ORICA Supplier Analysis

- 1. Competency
- 2. Capacity
- 3. Commitment
- 4. Control
- 5. Cash
- 6. Cost
- 7. Consistency
- 8. Culture
- 9. Clean
- 10. Communication

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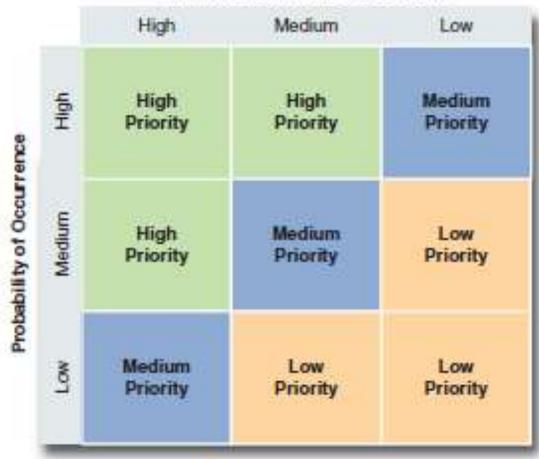
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Identifying External Strategic Factors

- No firm can successfully monitor all external factors, choice must be made regarding which factors ar important and which are not.
- "Strategic myopia"

Probable Impact on Corporation





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Porter's Approach to Industry Analysis

Michael Porter: Professor at the Institute for Strategy and Competitiveness, based at the Harvard Business School.

Porter's five forces (1979) than six forces (1990):

- 1. Threat of new entrants
- 2. Rivalry among existing firms
- 3. Threat of substitute products or services
- 4. Bargaining power of buyers
- 5. Bargaining power of suppliers
- 6. Relative power of stakeholder

Case Study II: Porter Approach

Porter Five Forces – Toyota on Automotive Industry



- Threat of new entrants Weak
- 2. Rivalry among existing firms Very Strong
- 3. Threat of substitute products or services Weak
- 4. Bargaining power of buyers Strong
- 5. Bargaining power of suppliers Weak

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Strategic Types

Is a category firms based on common strategic orientation and a combination of structure, culture, and process consistent with that strategy.

Defenders

- Companies with limited product line
- Focus on improving the efficiency of their operations
- Eg : Lincoln electric



Analyzers

- Corporations that operate in at least two different product-market areas (one stable and other(s) variable)
- Focus on efficiency on stable product market and innovation on other
- Eg : P&G



Prospectors

- Companies with fairly broad product lines
- Focus on product innovation and market opportunities
- Eg : Frito lay

Reactors

- Corporations that lack of a consistent strategy-structure-culture relationship
- Response to environmental pressure
- Eg : Southwest Airlines



Hypercompetition

Is a competition environment characterized by intense and rapid moves to create unsustainable competitive advantage among the rival.

Eg: New model of smartphone and IT products



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Competitive Intelligence (CI)

- CI is a formal program of gathering information on a company's competitors.
- North American 2011 survey: 70% companies plan to increase their budget for CI, 94% felt they had benefited from CI reports, 42% of those companies without CI program intend to start within the year
- Source of competitive intelligence : Consulting & Survey firm, Internet Network and gatherting, customer voices.
- Why Monitoring competitors for strategic planning?

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2. Useful Forecasting

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Forecasting

- Formulate historical data as projection for the future
- Danger of assumptions
- Useful forecasting technique : Brainstorming, expert opinion, statistical modelling, prediction markets, scenario writing

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Strategic Audit Checklist

III. External Environment: Opportunities and Threats (SWOT)

A. Natural Physical Environment: Sustainability Issues

- What forces from the natural physical environmental are currently affecting the corporation and the industries in which it competes? Which present current or future threats? Opportunities?
 - a. Climate, including global temperature, sea level, and fresh water availability
 - Weather-related events, such as severe storms, floods, and droughts
 - c. Solar phenomena, such as sun spots and solar wind
- 2. Do these forces have different effects in other regions of the world?

B. Societal Environment

- What general environmental forces are currently affecting both the corporation and the industries in which it competes? Which present current or future threats? Opportunities?
 - a. Economic
 - h. Technological
 - c. Political legal
 - d. Sociocultural
- 2. Are these forces different in other regions of the world?

C. Task Environment

- What forces drive industry competition? Are these forces the same globally or do they vary from country to country? Rate each force as high, medium, or low.
 - a. Threat of new entrants
 - b. Hargaining power of buyers
 - c. Threat of substitute products or services
 - d. Bargaining power of suppliers
 - e. Rivalry among competing firms
 - f. Relative power of unions, governments, special interest groups, etc.
- 2. What key factors in the immediate environment (that is, customers, competitors, suppliers, creditors, labor unions, governments, trade associations, interest groups, local communities, and shareholders) are currently affecting the corporation? Which are current or future Threats? Opportunities?

D. Summary of External Factors (List in the EFAS Table 4–5, p. 126)

Which of these forces and factors are the most important to the corporation and to the industries in which it competes at the present time? Which will be important in the future?

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EFAS – External Factor Analysis Summary

TABLE 4-5 External Factor Analysis Summary (EFAS Table): Maytag as Example

External Factors	Weight	Rating	Weighted Score	Comments
1	2	3	4	5
Opportunities				
Economic integration of European Community	.20	4.1	.82	Acquisition of Hoover
Demographics favor quality appliances	.10	5.0	.50	Maytag quality
Economic development of Asia	.05	1.0	.05	Low Maytag presence
Opening of Eastern Europe	.05	2.0	.10	Will take time
Trend to "Super Stores"	.10	1.8	.18	Maytag weak in this channel
Threats				
Increasing government regulations	.10	4.3	.43	Well positioned
Strong U.S. competition	.10	4.0	.40	Well positioned
Whirlpool and Electrolux strong globally	.15	3.0	.45	Hoover weak globally
New product advances	.05	1.2	.06	Questionable
Japanese appliance companies	<u>.10</u>	1.6	<u>.16</u>	Only Asian presence in Australia
Total Scores	1.00		3.15	