

Examination and impounding of instruments

Synopsis

- **Instruments not duly stamped inadmissible in evidence**
- **Examination and impounding of instruments**
- **Object of Examination and impounding of instrument**
- **Instruments Impounded how to be dealt with**
- **Relevant Provisions.....33-35,38,40,41**

Case laws

- PLD 1977 SC 109
- PLD 1984 Lah. 407
- PLD 1989 Kar. 371
- 1996 SCMR 575
- PLD 1978 SC 279
- PLD 1971 SC 516
- PLD 1984 Lah.407

Definitions

- ***Instrument.***—“Instrument” includes every document by which any right or liability is, or purports to be, created, transferred, limited, extended, extinguished or recorded;”
- Section 2(11) of this Act defines “duly stamped” as under:
- ***(11) Duly stamped.***—“Duly stamped”, as applied to an instrument, means that the instrument bears an adhesive or impressed stamp of not less than the proper amount and that such stamp has been affixed or used in accordance with law for time being in force

- **Meaning of Impounding.....**To seize in order to retain in custody
- **Why Instruments impounded?**
- To impound an instrument which appears to be not dully stamped.
- **Object of Impounding.....**To examine Whether intrument dully stamped or not, exempted one.
- **Procedure of Impounding**