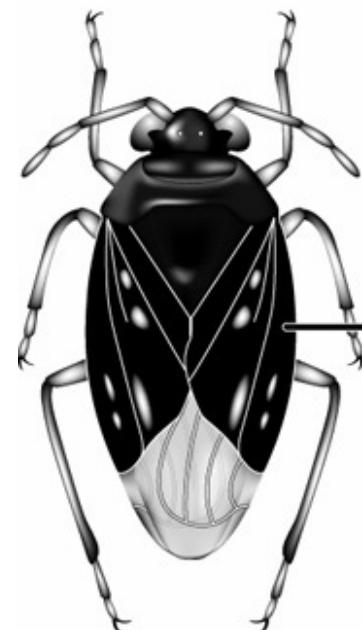
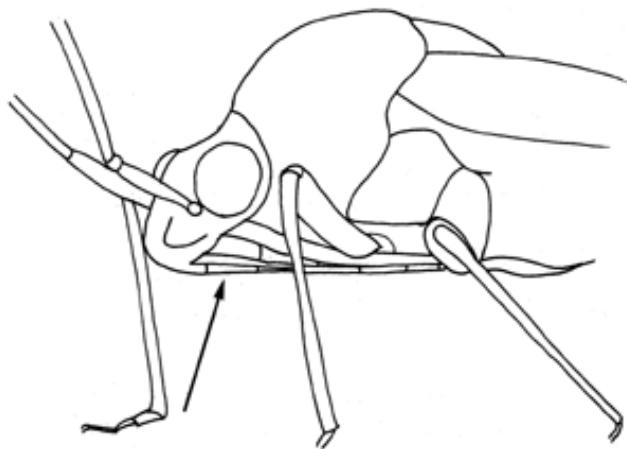
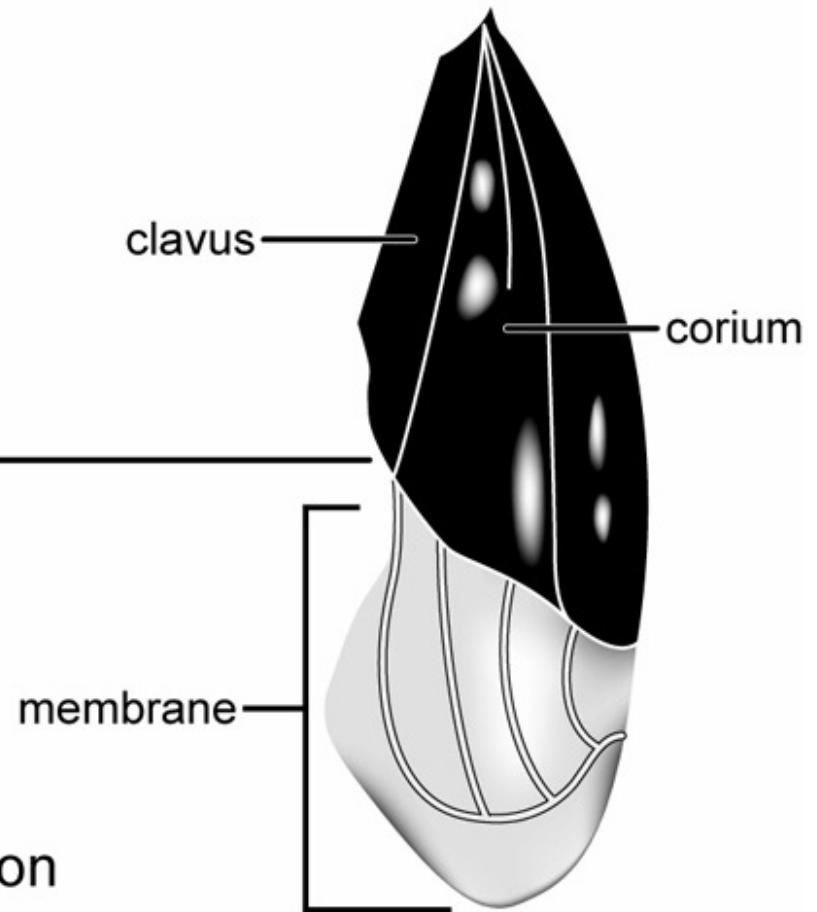


ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

- Suborder: Heteroptera



hemelytron



clavus

corium

membrane

ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

- **Suborder: Heteroptera**

The Aquatic Families (antennae shorter than head)

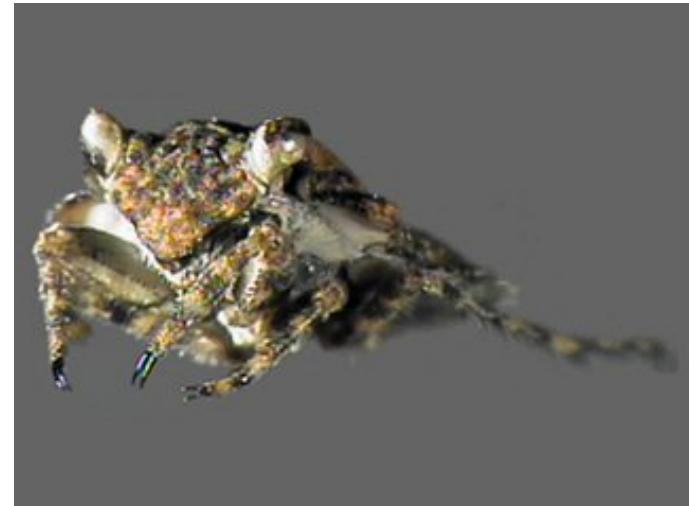
- ocelli present

1. Gelastocoridae – Toad Bugs

- small family; eyes protuberant, along margins of ponds – look nymphal but winged adults. 10mm



©2009 Will Cook



ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

- Suborder: Heteroptera

The Aquatic Families (antennae shorter than head)

- ocelli present

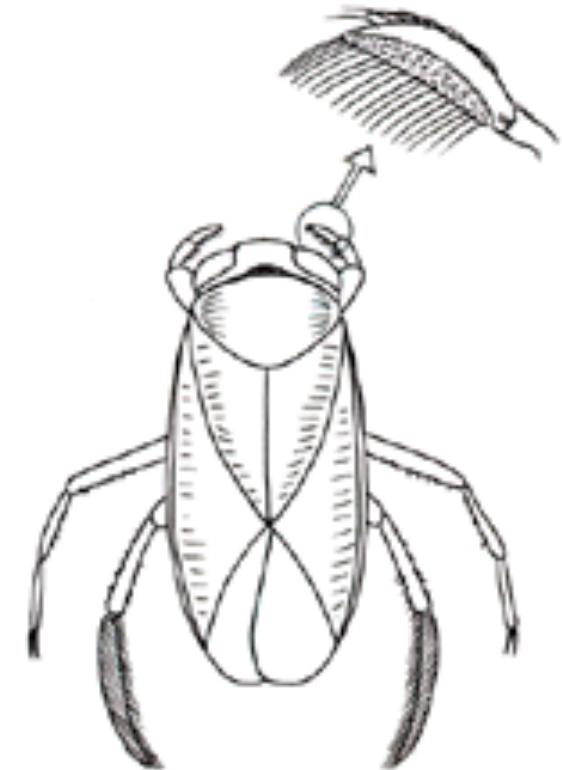
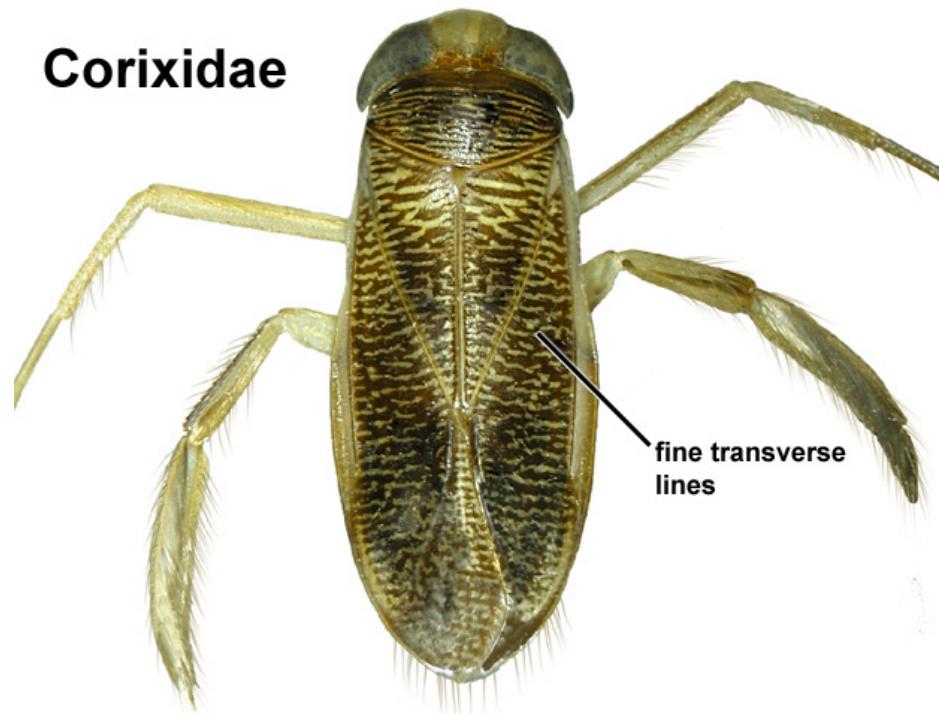
1. Gelastocoridae – Toad Bugs

- ocelli absent

**2. Corixidae – Water Boatmen**

- front tarsi 1-segmented and expanded into a scoop/"oar"

Dorsal surface with transverse lines, mostly algivores



ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

- Suborder: Heteroptera

The Aquatic Families (antennae shorter than head)

- ocelli present

1. Gelastocoridae – Toad Bugs

- ocelli absent

2. Corixidae – Water Boatmen

**3. Nepidae - Water Scorpions**

- small group but easy to identify: 2 long filaments and raptorial forelegs



ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

- Suborder: Heteroptera

The Aquatic Families (antennae shorter than head)

- ocelli present

1. Gelastocoridae – Toad Bugs

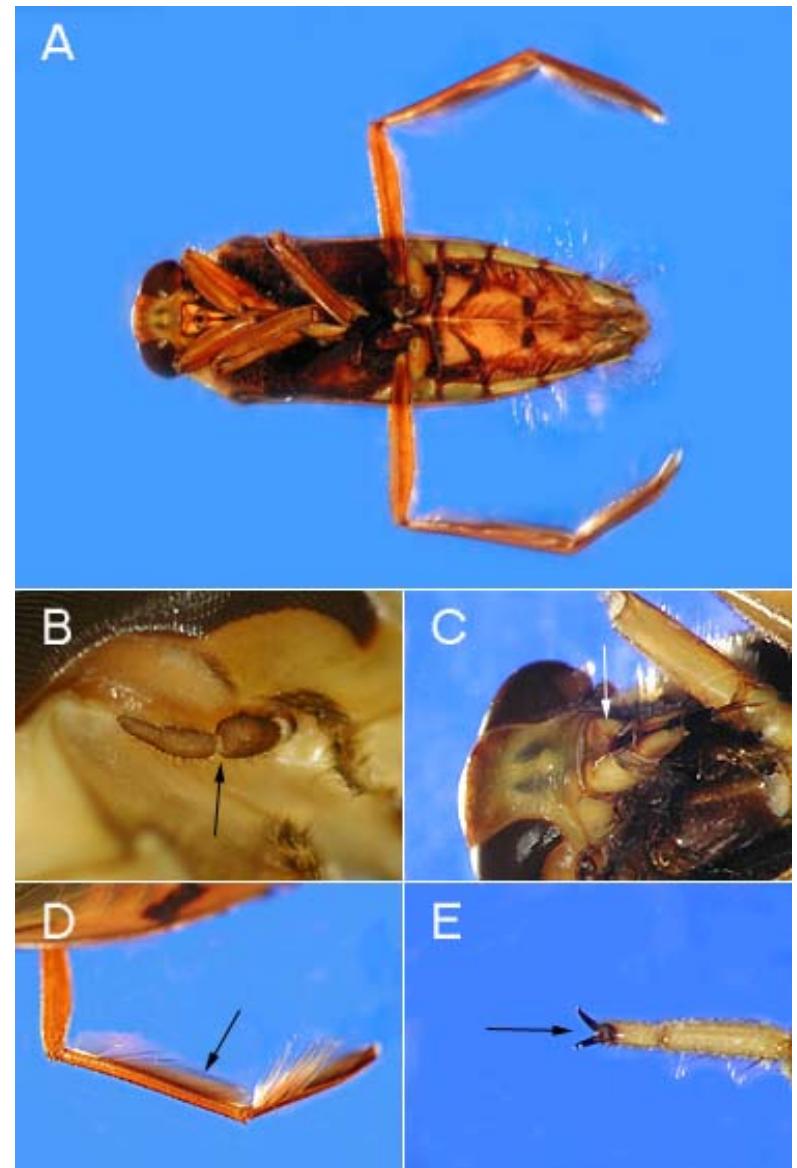
- ocelli absent

2. Corixidae – Water Boatmen

3. Nepidae - Water Scorpions

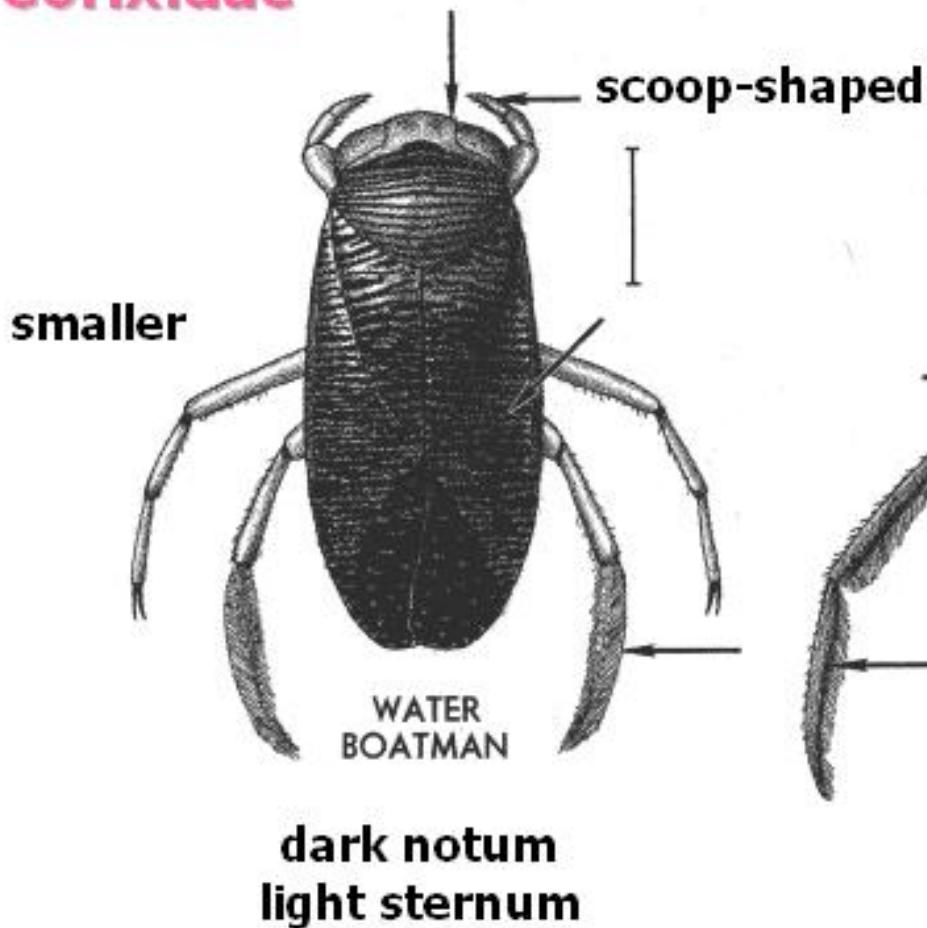
**4. Notonectidae – Back swimmers**

- Hind legs long and oar like; forelegs not oar like,  
swim on back, **bite!** predaceous

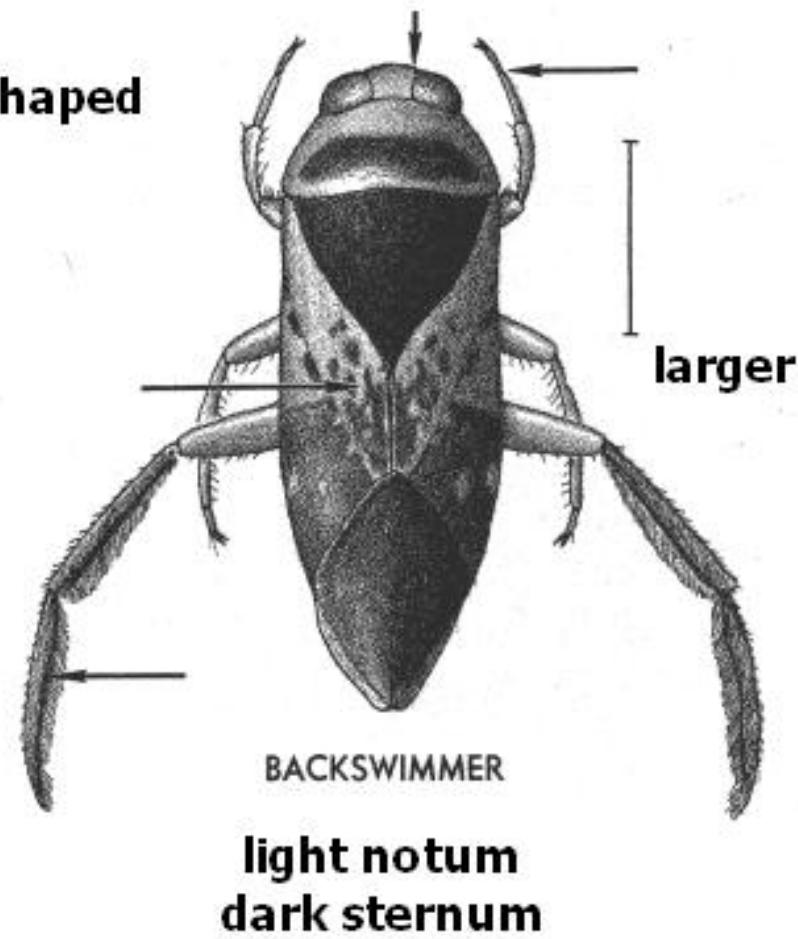


**For comparison . . .**

**Corixidae**



**Notonectidae**



ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

- Suborder: Heteroptera

### The Aquatic Families (antennae shorter than head)

1. Gelastocoridae – Toad Bugs
2. Corixidae – Water Boatmen
3. Nepidae - Water Scorpions
4. Notonectidae – Backswimmers
5. **Belostomatidae – Giant Water Bugs**

- raptorial forelegs without caudal filaments of Nepidae; **BITE!**



ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

- Suborder: Heteroptera

The Terrestrial Families (antennae longer than head)

**6. Gerridae – Water Striders**

- rather un mistakeable, skimming on water; only confusion would be with Riffle Bugs (Veliidae) that are smaller and have shorter femora

*Halobates* sp.



Robert Żórawski © 2006

ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

- Suborder: Heteroptera
- antennae longer than head; 4 segmented

## 7. Reduviidae – Assassin Bugs

- beak fits into a groove in the prosternum, raptorial forelegs, predatory, **BITE!**





Ambush Bugs



© 2008 Arlene Ripley

ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

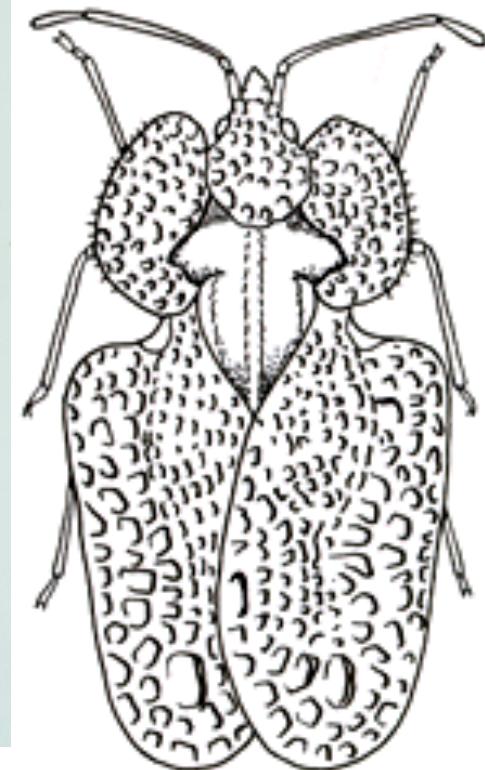
- Suborder: **Heteroptera**

- antennae longer than head; 4 segmented

7. Reduviidae – Assassin Bugs

**8. Tingidae – Lace Bugs**

- distinguished by heavily sculpted dorsal surface of body; **small**



ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

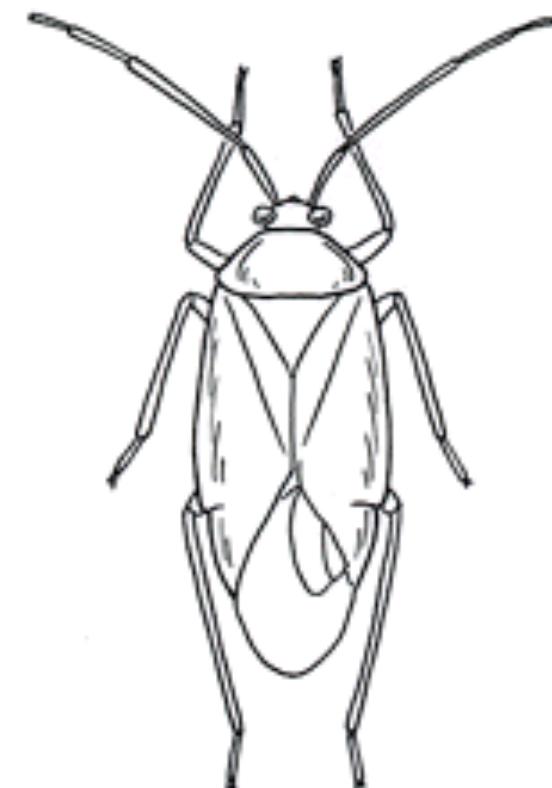
- Suborder: Heteroptera
- antennae longer than head; 4 segmented

7. Reduviidae – Assassin Bugs

8. Tingidae – Lace Bugs

**9. Miridae** – Plant / Leaf Bugs

- soft bodies, to 10mm
- **1-2 closed cells** in membranous part of forewing
- has a cuneus – a subsegment of corium



ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

- Suborder: Heteroptera
- antennae longer than head; 4 segmented

7. Reduviidae – Assassin Bugs

8. Tingidae – Lace Bugs

9. Miridae – Plant / Leaf Bugs

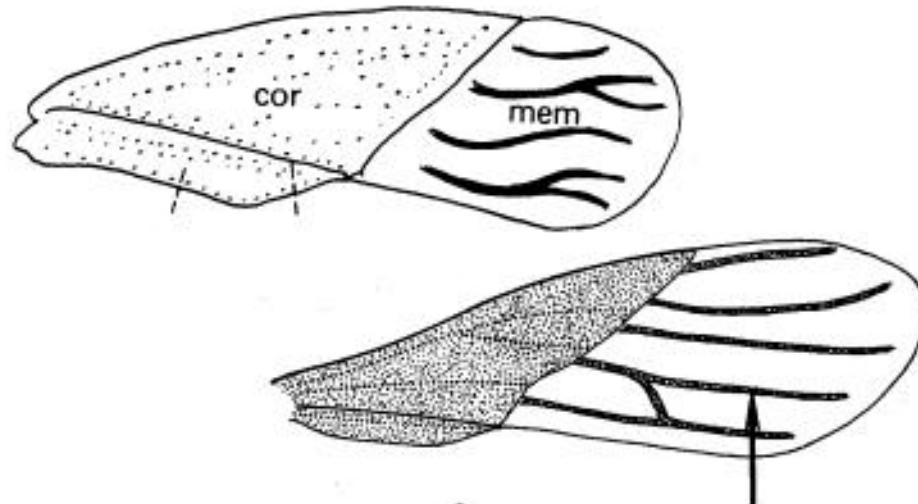
**10. Lygaeidae – Seed Bugs**

- abdominal spiracles dorsal
- 4-5 veins in hemelytra



# Hemiptera: Lygaeoidea

seed bugs, chinch bug,  
milkweed bugs



- membranous portion of wing with **4 or 5 veins**
- 4-segmented antennae, **ocelli present**, 4-segmented beak, 3-segmented tarsi
- **antennae arise below a line drawn through the eyes**

**ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids**

- Suborder: Heteroptera
- antennae longer than head; 4 segmented

7. Reduviidae – Assassin Bugs

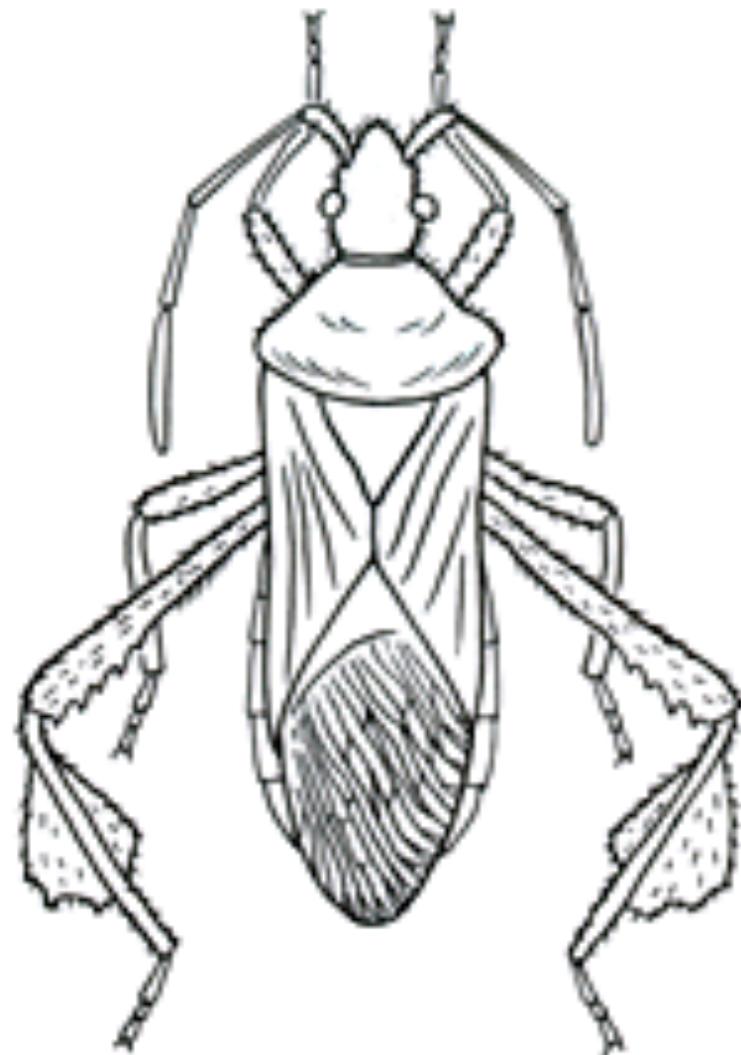
8. Tingidae – Lace Bugs

9. Miridae – Plant / Leaf Bugs

10. Lygaeidae – Seed Bugs

**11. Coreidae – Leaf-footed Bugs**

- hemelytra with many veins
- scent glands
- males with expanded hind femora with spines





**ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids**

- Suborder: Heteroptera
- antennae longer than head; 4 segmented
- 7. Reduviidae – Assassin Bugs
- 8. Tingidae – Lace Bugs
- 9. Miridae – Plant / Leaf Bugs
- 10. Lygaeidae – Seed Bugs
- 11. Coreidae – Leaf-footed Bugs
  - antennae longer than head; 5 segmented

**12. Pentatomidae – Stink Bugs**

- **scutellum** triangular, corium broad
- if scutellum large and corium narrow, then a tooth at corner of pronotum



James L. Castner

ORDER: Hemiptera – True Bugs, Hoppers, Aphids

- Suborder: Heteroptera
- antennae longer than head; 4 segmented

7. Reduviidae – Assassin Bugs

8. Tingidae – Lace Bugs

9. Miridae – Plant / Leaf Bugs

10. Lygaeidae – Seed Bugs

11. Coreidae – Leaf-footed Bugs

- antennae longer than head; 5 segmented

12. Pentatomidae – Stink Bugs

### **13. Scutellaridae – Shield-Backed Bugs**

- scutellum extends to tip of abdomen
- corium of wing narrow
- never with a tooth at corners of scutellum

