

**Example 6.13:** The average grade for an exam is 74, and the standard deviation is 7. If 12% of the class is given As, and the grades are curved to follow a normal distribution, what is the lowest possible  $A$  and the highest possible  $B$ ?

**Solution:** In this example, we begin with a known area of probability, find the  $z$  value, and then determine  $x$  from the formula  $x = \sigma z + \mu$ . An area of 0.12, corresponding to the fraction of students receiving As, is shaded in Figure 6.20. We require a  $z$  value that leaves 0.12 of the area to the right and, hence, an area of 0.88 to the left. From Table A.3,  $P(Z < 1.18)$  has the closest value to 0.88, so the desired  $z$  value is 1.18. Hence,

$$x = (7)(1.18) + 74 = 82.26.$$

Therefore, the lowest  $A$  is 83 and the highest  $B$  is 82. ┘

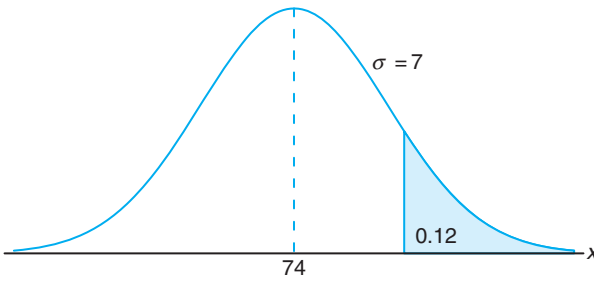


Figure 6.20: Area for Example 6.13.

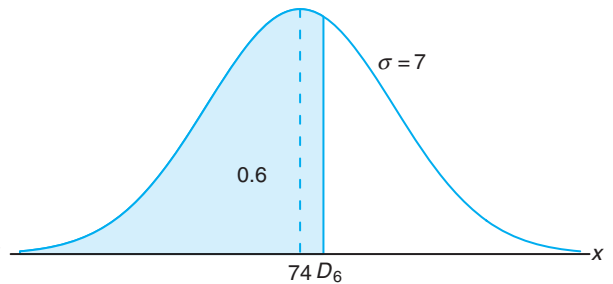


Figure 6.21: Area for Example 6.14.

**Example 6.14:** Refer to Example 6.13 and find the sixth decile.

**Solution:** The sixth decile, written  $D_6$ , is the  $x$  value that leaves 60% of the area to the left, as shown in Figure 6.21. From Table A.3 we find  $P(Z < 0.25) \approx 0.6$ , so the desired  $z$  value is 0.25. Now  $x = (7)(0.25) + 74 = 75.75$ . Hence,  $D_6 = 75.75$ . That is, 60% of the grades are 75 or less. ┘

## Exercises

**6.1** Given a continuous uniform distribution, show that

(a)  $\mu = \frac{A+B}{2}$  and

(b)  $\sigma^2 = \frac{(B-A)^2}{12}$ .

**6.2** Suppose  $X$  follows a continuous uniform distribution from 1 to 5. Determine the conditional probability  $P(X > 2.5 \mid X \leq 4)$ .

**6.3** The daily amount of coffee, in liters, dispensed by a machine located in an airport lobby is a random

variable  $X$  having a continuous uniform distribution with  $A = 7$  and  $B = 10$ . Find the probability that on a given day the amount of coffee dispensed by this machine will be

- (a) at most 8.8 liters;
- (b) more than 7.4 liters but less than 9.5 liters;
- (c) at least 8.5 liters.

**6.4** A bus arrives every 10 minutes at a bus stop. It is assumed that the waiting time for a particular individual is a random variable with a continuous uniform distribution.