### INTRODUCTION

- Dyeing and printing is not the ultimate steps
- Something is required to make the fabric more suitable for end-use
- Quality of the fabric in terms of appearance, handle, functionally enhanced by some physical means or by chemicals
- Therefore, ultimate value addition is done to the fabric by finishing

## What is finishing?

- Finishing is a process in which fabric is treated with some mechanical or chemical process before or after dyeing or printing to give the fabric a
- novelty touch,
- Good appearance
- Desirable feel
- Impart certain durable properties (Stiffness, Softness etc).
- To impart some desired functional properties

# Classification of finishing

Classification according to the nature of finish

#### According to the nature of Finish

✓ Physical or Mechanical Finish

Such as "Calendaring"

To improve the fabric handle and to impart a smooth silky touch to the fabric √ Chemical Finish

Such as Mercerization

To improve fabric absorbency, lustre and dimension stability

### Classification of finishing process

1. Physical or Mechanical finishing process
When the finishing process is done by some mechanical means including heat treatment of fabric.

### 2. Chemical finishing process

When the fabric is treated with some chemical solution during finishing treatment.

Textile **5** inishing

### Physical or Mechanical Finish

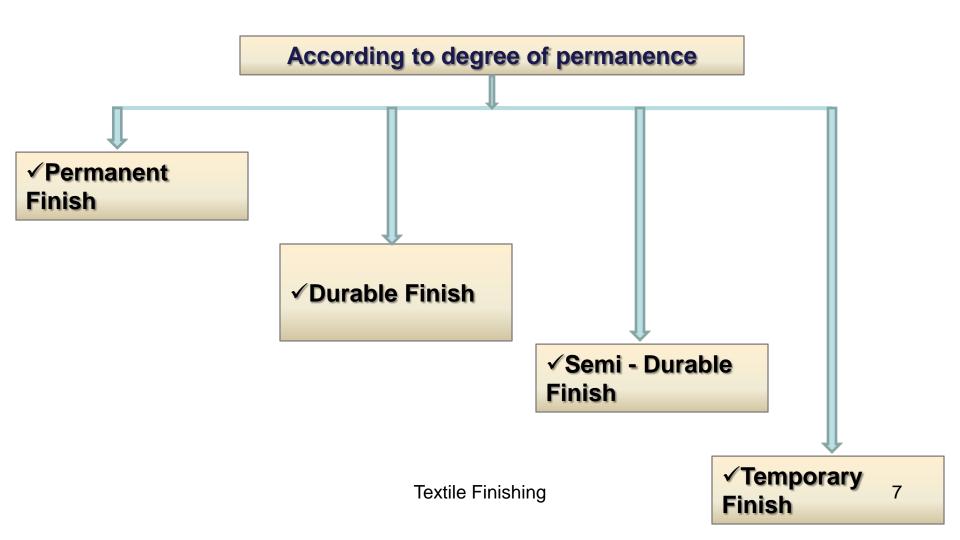
- Mechanical / Physical finishes involve specific physical treatment to a fabric surface to cause a change in the fabric appearance
- Also known as dry finish
  - » Calendaring
  - » Shearing

#### Chemical Finish

- Chemicals are used followed by curing or drying
- Also known as wet finish

# Classification of finishing

Classification according to degree of permanence



## **Definitions**

- Permanent Finish: Usually involve a chemical change in fibre structure and do not change or alter through out the life of the fabric
- Durable finish: Usually last through the life of the article, but effectiveness becomes diminished after each cleaning; and near the end of the normal use life of the article, the finish is nearly removed
- Semi-durable finish: Last through several laundering or drycleanings and many are renewable in home laundering or drycleaning
- Temporary finish: Are removed or substantially diminished the first time the article is laundered or dry-cleaned Textile Finishing

# Classification of finishing

 Classification according to performance

According to Performance

According to Performance

Altered Finish- Improved / Altered Appearance

1. Calendering
2. Mercerization
3. Shearing

1. Crease resistant
2. Waterproof
3. Flame resistant

### Classification according to Performance

- Aesthetic Finish
  - These finishes modify the appearance and / or hand or drape of fabrics

- Functional Finish
  - These finishes improve the performance properties of fabrics

## Make a Review of Textile Processing Flow

