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by the accused at a later stage of the trial is free from any promptness or other inducing cause both from inside and outside quarters and then the Court would be within its jurisdiction and competent to record conviction but the Court is debarred from re-embarking on the premises of Section 265-E, Cr.P.C. when the accused admits his guilt at a later stage of the trial because the recording of conviction on a plea of guilt is confined and limited to the stage of framing and explaining the formal charge to the accused. [PLJ 2004 Cr.C. (Pesh) 143]. Right of an accused to claim trial is an indefeasible unless he forfeits or surrenders such right. [NLR 2004 SD 91].

Confession made by accused. Trial Court should record the evidence itself and judge the case in the light of the evidence so recorded, instead of relying on the plea of guilt or on the evidence recorded by the Enquiry Court. [2011 PCr.LJ 167]

265F. Evidence for prosecution.--(1) If the accused does not plead guilty or the Court in its discretion does not convict him on his plea, the Court shall proceed to hear the complainant (if any) and take all such evidence as may be produced in support of the prosecution:

Provided that the Court shall not be bound to hear any person as complainant in any case in which the complaint has been made by a Court.

(2) The Court shall ascertain from the Public Prosecutor or, as the case may be, from the complainant, the names of any persons likely to be acquainted with the facts of the case and to be able to give evidence for the prosecution, and shall summon such person to give evidence before it.

(3) The Court may refuse to summon any such witness, if it is of opinion that such witness is being called for the purpose of vexation or delay or defeating the ends of justice. Such ground shall be recorded by the Court in writing.

(4) When the examining of the witnesses for the prosecution and the examination (if any) of the accused are concluded, the accused shall be asked whether he means to adduce evidence.

(5) If the accused puts in any written statement, the Court shall file it with the record.

(6) If the accused, or any one of several accused, says that he means to adduce evidence, the Court shall call on the accused to enter on his defence and produce his evidence.

(7) If the accused, or any of several accused, after entering on his defence, applies to the Court to issue any process for compelling the attendance of any witness for examination or the production of any document or other thing, the Court shall issue such process unless it