

## **OF IMPROPER ADMISSION AND REJECTION OF EVIDENCE**

**162. No new trial for improper admission or rejection of evidence:** The improper admission or rejection of evidence shall not be ground of itself for a new trial or reversal of any decision in any case, if it shall appear to the Court before which such objection is raised that, independent of the evidence objected to and admitted, there was sufficient evidence to justify the decision, or that, if the rejected evidence had been received, it ought not to have varied the decision.

### **CHAPTER XII DECISION OF CASE ON THE BASIS OF OATH**

**163. Acceptance or denial of claim on oath:** (1) When the plaintiff takes oath in support of his claim, the Court shall, on the application of the plaintiff, call upon the defendant to deny the claim on oath.

(2) The Court may pass such orders as to costs and other matters as it may deem fit.

(3) Nothing in this Article applies to laws relating to the enforcement of Hudood or other criminal cases.

### **CHAPTER XIII MISCELLANEOUS**

**164. Production of evidence that has become available because of modern devices, etc.:** In such cases as the Court may consider appropriate, the Court may allow to be produced any evidence that may have become available because of modern devices or techniques.

**165. Order to override other laws:** The provisions of this Order shall have effect notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force.

**166. Repeal:** The Evidence Act, 1872 (I of 1872), is hereby repealed.