

Another suchlike provision is laid down in Section 152 CPC. This section allows amendments by courts in Judgements, Decrees and Orders. But its ambit is only to the correction of clerical and arithmetical mistakes which arose due to errors omissions or accidental slips. Suchlike corrections can be made at any time suo moto or on the application of any party. But it is must that basic ^{and} original verdict of the Court should not be changed. Only bonafide and lacking the basic merits of the case or can be corrected, i.e. Mis-description of the property, omission to grant the ~~the~~ relief adjudicated, inadvertently dismissing a suit held to be decreed, mistake in calculation of property or money, ~~to~~ not decreeing in view of the compromise of the parties, when the final Order or decree is not in consonance with the findings on issues, entering the name of the deceased party instead of the names of legal representatives. Powers of the Court under this section are discretionary, no one can claim it as of right. If not granted or entertained then relief can be obtained from the next appealable or revisable upper Court.