

- no discrimination on any basis in access to public places, except those specifically reserved for religious purposes (Exceptions: the state can make special provisions for women and children)
- no person otherwise qualified can be discriminated against in the matter of employment on the basis of race, religion, caste,

denomination/sect
has the right to
establish, maintain
and manage its
religious
institutions

no person can be
compelled to pay
any special tax to be
spent on the
propagation or
maintenance of a
particular religion
or religious
institution other
than his/her own

no person attending
any educational
institution can be
required to attend
religious

(**Exceptions:** quota system is permissible for advancement of any socially or educationally backward class of citizens)

Property Rights:
Articles 23 & 24

- every citizen is allowed to own, sell his/her property in any part of the country
- no person can be deprived of her/his property compulsorily. If property, land is needed in public interest, then the

the basis of race, religion, caste, sex, residence or place of birth

(Exceptions:
specific services can be reserved for members of either sex if such posts/services require duties which cannot be adequately performed by the members of other sex, e.g. Lady Health Visitor)

Preservation of Culture:
Article 28

citizens have a right to preserve their language, script and culture

ceremonies,
worship or receive
education of a
religion other than
his/her own.

no discrimination
against any
community in grant
of tax exemption or
concessions for
religious
institutions

no discrimination
in admission to
educational
institutions
receiving public
funds on grounds of
race, religion, caste
or place of birth
(Exceptions: quota

member of a political party)

- every citizen, subject to qualifications can enter a trade, business or profession of his/her choice (Exceptions: regulations of trade & commerce can be made by the government)

Religious Freedom & Safeguards: Articles 20, 21 & 22

every citizen has the right to believe, practice and propagate their religion
every religious

government has to give reasonable compensation to the owner.

Guarantees of Equality & Non-Discrimination: Articles 25, 26 & 27

- all citizens are equal before law and are entitled to equal protection of law
- there shall be no discrimination on the basis of sex alone
(Exceptions: the state can make special provisions for the protection of women and children)
- no discrimination on any basis in